FROM WASHINGTON.

The River and Harbor Bill to be Pushed Through.

That Southern Democrats Say to the President.

rexpected Passage of a Bond Interest Tax Bill.

ectal Despatches to The Sun.
Washington, June 29, 1868.

RIVERS AND HARBORS.

The River and Harbor bill is now so loaded

own as to have enough sections of country inte est-l to secure its passage. There will be yeas and nays emanded on every question, which may consume all e-morrow, but will not defeat it. The previous uestion having been sustained to-day, it now has

SOUTHERN VISITORS TO THE PRESIDENT. Nearly every Southern delegate to the Demoratic Convention passing through here stops to call on Mr. Johnson, and assure him that they are for his nomination: but no one here credits them with any TAXING INTEREST ON GOVERNMENT BONDS.

The action of the House to-day in finally voting 91 ayes to 54 nays in favor of taxing the interest on all Government bonds ten per cent., caused considerable surprise, even among many who voted for tt. It was intended merely for buncombe, but when it came to ayes and nays, members voted aye who did not really want to see it passed; but now that it has gone so far there will be no retreat, and the Committee will report soon, and the House pass it; but there is a probability that the Senate will not concur, and it will go over to next session.

Gen. Grant starts at 7 A. M. to-morrow, with his family, for Cincinnati, to visit his father. Judge Kelley is quite ill again. The President's family start for Tennessee to-morrow. Mr. Burlingame and his Mandarins returned to-day, and will all go to Niagara Fulls next week, then to Boston, and Liverpool and London. There is a general movement of Democratic politicans from here to New York.

THE TARIFF BILL. The Ways and Means Committee had up the Tariff bill this morning, and it went over to to-morrow. Its prospects of passage, faint at the start, are growing dimmer daily.

A limited number of Tax bills have been printed for the use of Senators. It will hardly be re-ported from the Finance Committee before Friday.

FOREIGN STEAMSHIPS. The agents of present foreign steamship lines are to oppose in the Senate the bill recently passed by the House to guarrantee to an American line all foreign malls if they would equip a first class line, and put it afoat within a year.

DIVISION OF TAXAS.

Mr. Stevens's scheme for the division of Texas goes over to the next session without action. THE WASHINGTON ELECTION.

The President having allowed ten days to expire without action on the bill to override the recent dection troubles, it is now a law, and the Republicans secure the Mayor, both branches of the Councils, and all city officers.

MOVEMENTS OF GEN. GRANT.

Gen. Grant will leave here to-morrow morning

on his western tour. As has been stated, the expedition will be altogether private. Gen. Rawlins, chief of staff, will remain at headquarters for the purpose of attending to any official business that may require attention. There will be very little business of an official character emanating from head-quarters, however, during Gen. Grant's absence, noless compelled by circumstances arising in other

COLORADO POSTPONED. The postponement of the Colorado bill in the Senate to-day is regarded by the friends of the measure as equivalent to deferring action upon it until the next session of Congress. They do not doubt that under the liberal concessions made to the opponents of the measure, a united and earnest voice will come up from Colorado next winter in favor of the State, which will then be admitted.

CONFIRMATIONS BY THE SENATE. The Senate in executive session this afternoon confirmed the nomination of Rear Admiral John A. Dahlgren to be Chief of Orderace of the Navy, in the place of Capt. Wise, resigned; and, also, of Commanders Febiger and Crosby to be Captains.

TREATY WITH BAVARIA RATIFIED. The Senate has ratified the free emigration and naturalization treaty with Bavaria.

THE TREASURY PRINTING. The Sub-Committee on intrenchment has taken some testimony concerning the management of the Printing Bureau connected with the Treasury Department, but has not yet completed its investigation. No recommendation has therefore been made, as atlated, it at the printing operations be transferred for the greater part, if not altogether, to New York.

GEN. VAN WYCK AND THE GOVERNORSHIP. Gen. Van Wyck left Washington to-night, being under an engagement to speak at Lake George on the the of July. All that has been said about his being the hep-licen candidate for Governor of New York has been voluntary on the part of being as he has not determined whether he will allow his name to be used in the Convention.

The Deficiency bill reported to-day appropriates two million five hundred andforty-nine housand two hundred and cighty-even dollars. Among the appropriations are the following:

For facelitating communication be ween the Atlantic and Pacific States by telegraph, \$40,000; overland main and hard service between New York and California, and marine service between Rew York and California, and marine service between the United States and complete the repairs of the New York and the California and complete the repairs of the New York of the Young Hard, \$12,500; to meet the Entire the Secretary of the New York and the Entire the Secretary of the New York and partices for executing order fending sinks brought again the late rebellion, \$50,000; for othe food-construction purposes to a summary year, \$278,600; for Construction purposes to the Covernment during and of present month, \$277,600; for Construction purposes to the Philadelphia, \$55,000.

PATMASTER AT ST. LOUIS.

By the direction of the Secre.

By the direction of the Secre, "ry of War Licut.-Col. R. A. Kenzie has been assig, ed to dut in the pay district of St. Louis, and will profit to Brevet Brig.-Gen. Brown, Assistant Paymass." r General at St. Louis.

THE WASHINGTON ELECTION.

The bill which recently passed Congress refa-

tive to contested elections in the District of Columbia, became a law on Saturday last, without the signature of the President, ten days having expired since its passage.

THE TRIAL OF SURRATT.

At the opening of the Criminal Court to-day, District Attorney Harrington called the Surratt case. The prisoner was present, with his former counsel, Messis, Merrick and Bradley, Jr.

Mr. Merrick on behalf of Surratt, asked for a continuance of the case, stating that the prisoner, being without funds, had been unable to engage counsel, and the professional engagements of himself and Mr. Bradley were such as would not permit them at this time to enter upon the case. Surratt had written to Messrs, Groesbeck and J. S. Black to serve as his counsel, and a though no answer had yet been received, a favorable response was expected.

Mr. Carrington thought his duty to the public would not permit him to agree to any such continuance.

The Court asked him whether he intended to try

Mr. Carrington thought his duty to the public would not permit him to agree to any such continuance.

The Court asked him whether he intended to try the first indictment or not, when Mr. Carrington responded that he understood the Court heretofore disposed of the first indictment.

Judge Wylle said: I did not discharge the prisoner from the indictment, but I discharged him from jail. I thought that his long incarceration, and the fact that the prosecution was not ready to try him on the indictment for murder, warranted me in releasing him from further confinement. If you are ready to try him on the indictment for the murder of President Lincoln, he is now in court, and, I presume, is ready to proceed to tital.

Mr. Merrick replied they were ready to go to trial ou that indictment, and addressing himself to the District Attorney, said: "Mr. Carrington, I wish to ask you a plain question. Do you intend to try the first indictment or not? I believe it is generally understood that this indictment will never be tried."

Mr. Carrington remarked that he did not know what would be done in the matter, but as far as he was personally concerned, without consulting with the associate counsel employed specially by the Government, he would not prosecute the first indictment.

Judge Wylte said: Then I consider that matter out of the way.

Mr. Merrick remarked that he wanted either a

nolle prosequi or an indictment; it was unfair to leave

this matter unsettied; the prisoner was entitled to one or the other.

Mr Carrington wished to know, if he entered a noile prosequi on the first indictment, whether the prisoner would be ready to go to trial on the second, charging him with conspiracy to abduct President Lincoln, &c.

Mr. Merrick replied that his professional engagements would not permit him to do so. He was willing to proceed to trial on the 15th of September, at a special term of the Court.

Judge Wylie then said: I will give you a special term on the 21st of September.

Mr. Merrick said they would be ready for trial on that day. that day.

The ball bond of Surratt was renewed and filed at 11:15 o'clock.

The Managers' report of the impeachment investigation has been nearly completed by Gen. Butler, and will be presented to the House on Wednesday. The report gives a detailed account of a conversation which is said to have taken place at the White House between the President and Cabinet officers, and before the final vote on impeachment, when the subject of bribing certain Republican Senators was considered. The President is said to have expressed himself freely, and to have named those whom he believed could be induced to vote for his acquital. It appears that there was a diversity of opinion in regard to the position of Senator Wilson, but the Presinent said he was firm in the belief that it would be uscless to attempt to secure his vote. The Managers endeavor to keep all evidence obtained by them very close, but the above is obtained from one of them and is therefore considered authentic. RECORDS OF THE DECORATION.

The following has just been issued:
HEADQUARTERS GRAND ARMY OF THE REPUBLIC,)
446 FOURTERSTH STREET,
WASHINGTON, D. C., June 25, 1968.

WASHINGTON, D. C., June 25, 1888.

GENERAL ORDERS NO. 14.—The Commander-in-Chief calls attention to the following Congressional action with regard to the memorial ceremonies of the 30th olt. Congoless of the United States. House of Representatives, June 22.—On motion of Mr. Logan, Februscal That the proceedings of the different cities, towns, &c., recently held in commemoration of the galant heroes who have sagranged their lives in defence of the Republic, and the record of the ceremonial of the decoration of the honored tombs of the departed, shall be collected and bound, under the direction of such persons as the Speaker shall designate, for the use of Congress.

EDWARD MCPHERSON, Clerk.

Attest ——.

son as the Speaker shall designate, for the use of Congress.

LDWARD MCPHERSON, Clerk.

LDWARD MCPHERSON, Clerk.

House of Representatives, Washington, June 22, 188.—Frank Moore, Eq., Editor of the Rebellion Record, is herby appointed under this resolution.

SCHUYLER COLFAX.

Speaker of the House of Representatives.

In order to make successful this effort to perpetuate the record of a just tribute to our patriot; dred, bepartments, Posts, and Commands will forward to here Headquarters everything pertaining to the est monies alluded to which can aid to complete the cork proposed—newspaper paragraphs, editorials, and reporters' accounts, and also manuscript copies of addresses and observations which may not have been printed. By order of JOHN A. LOGAN, Commander in Chief.

N. P. Chipman Adultant General.

W. S. COLLINS, Assistant Adultant General.

of N. P. Chipman, A. Jogan, Commander in Chief.
N. P. Chipman, Adjutant General.
W. S. Collins, Assistant Adjutant General.
An official correspondence recently called out by resolution of the United States Senate, seems to indicate dissatisfaction by the British Post Office Department with the principles of "free trade" as applied to the carriage of ocean mails.

Mr. Anthony Trollope, sent over to negotiate a new postal convention, to replace the one which went into operation a few weeks ago, and which reduced the rates of postage between this country and Great Britain 40. 12 cents per half ounce, submitted a long memorandum of objections to the practical working of the Convention, and proposed various modifications. In Mr. Trollope's communications he makes the following among other propositions, viz.:

"That regular mails shall be despatched from Liverpool, via Queenstown, to Liverpool, three times in each week, the days of departure to be Tuesdays, Thursdays, and Saturdays from Liverpool and New York respectively. It is felt that more frequent mails than these would not, in the existing state of communication between the two countries, be efficient for good parpose. No doubt more frequent packets might be employed, but if this were done, the mails sent, say on Friday, would frequently, if not assily, not be delivered till after those sent on the Saturday. Of course it is presumed that the fastest lines of steamors will be secured for the days named, and that, therefore, those not secured for the days named, and that, therefore, those not secured for the days named, and that, therefore, those not secured for the days named, and that the graculties on these mails shall forwarded by other vessels hould be considered as ahip letter mails (as distinguised from mails by packets, and it is proposed that the graculties on these mails shall forwarded by other vessels hould be considered as abjusted from the packets, and it is proposed that the capacities on these mails shall forwarded by other vessels hould be above

COURT MARTIAL.

A general court martial has been appointed, to meet at Fortress Monroe on the 1st of July next, or as soon thereafter as gracticable, for which the following officers have been detailed:

Brevet Brig.-Gen. J. Edbert, Fourth Artillery; Brevet Maj. C. P. Eaken, Third Artillery; Brovet Capt. C. P. Hazleton, Fourth Artillery; First Lieut. J. Wilson, Fifth Artillery; First Lieut. A. E. Clark, Third Artillery; First Lieut. A. E. Clark, Third Artillery; First Lieut. A. E. Clark, Third Artillery; First Lieut. A. Becond Artillery; Second Lieut. A. Howe, Fourth Artillery, and Brevet Major J. B. Campbell, Judge Advocate.

NAVAL GAZETTE.

The following orders affecting the Paymaster's

The following orders affecting the Paymaster's Department of the Navy have been made: A. W. Russell is ordered to the Washington Navy Yard as Inspector of Provisions and Clothing.

Paymaster C. M. Abbot has been ordered to duty at
Boston. Paymaster W. B. Boggs has been detached
from duty as Inspector of Provisions and Clothing at
the Washington Navy Yard, and to remain as Paymaster of the Yard.

Paymaster R. H. Clark has been detached from duty
at Boston, and ordered to settle accounts. Passed Asabtant-Paymaster Leonard A. Frailey has been detached
from special duty at the Washington Navy Yard, and
placed on wa'ting orders.

FORTIETH CONGRESS-SECOND SES-

SION. Senate. THE YO SEMITE VALLEY.

Washington, June 29.—Mr. Sumer presented a memorial from Prof. Agassiz and Professors of Harvard College, protesting against the ratification by Congress of the legislation of the California Legislature in regard to the Yo Semite Valley. To Committee on Public Lands. WITHDRAWAL OF THE FREEDMEN'S BUREAU.

MYTHDRAWAL OF THE FREEDMEN'S BUREAU.

Mr. Howard, from the Committee on Military Affairs, reported favorably the bill for the discontinuance of the Freedmen's Bureau.

It provides that the Commissioner shall withdraw the Bureau from all states entitled to representation on the let day of January need the Government but the Kduchton of the Bureau, and the collection and the Advancent of the Bureau, and the collection advancent of moneys due soldiers and sailors, shall be continued until otherwise ordered by the action of Contress. The bill also provides for the continuance in office us.

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DEFAULTING STATES. Mr. Monoan called up the joint resolution directing the Secretary of the Treasury, whenever any state shall be or may be in default in the payment of principal or interest on its stocks or bonds held by the United States in trust, to withhold so much thereof as may be necessary of any money due by the United States to said State, to be applied to the payment of such principal and interest.

After a few words of opposition by Mr. Hander a few words of opposition by Mr. Hander a few words of opposition by the theorem of Mr. Edmunds, who called up the bill for the removal of causes in certain cases from the State courts to the United States courts. The question was on a substitute reported by the Judiciary Committee.

MILITARY BILL. Before any action was had on the bill, Mr. THAYER, by consent, reported from the Committee on Military Affairs a bill to regulate and fix the military estab-lishment of the United States.

MR. EDMUNDS'S BILL. Mr. Davis then took the floor in opposition to Mr. Edmunds's bill, denouncing it as one of the most wrongful bills that was ever brought before Congress. The Constitution vested no jurisdiction in the Federal Judiciary in any such class of cases. "be bill allows Federal officers or marshals to carry total constitution to the Courts the United States Courts.

Courts to The Colorado Bill.

THE COLORADO BILL. THE COLORADO BILL.

To of the morning hour the order of duit Colorado, was called for. the day, the bill to a see moved to postpone it, and Mr. Monalla, of Ma. stino bill. take up the Civil Appendent of the morning of the see that the see

DERELICT STATES. The joint resolution directing the Secretary of the Treasury to withhold funds belonging to Size. in lefault, was again taken up and passed.

PACIFIC RAILROAD.

The bill extending time for the completion of the Northern Pacific Railroad, was passed as it came from the House.

NORTHERN PACIFIC ROAD.

The bill extending time for the completion of the Northern Pacific Railroad was passed as it came from the House.

CIVIL APPROPRIATION BILL.

The Senate then took up the Civil Appropriation The Senate then took up the Civil Appropriation bill.

The Committee on Appropriations report amendments increasing the appropriation to carry into effect the several acts authorizing loans, and the issue of Treasury notes from \$564,404, thirty-two per cent. \$1,500,000. Agreed to. Also by adding for facilitating communication between the Atlantic and Pacific States by electric telegraph, \$40,000.

The amenement was agreed to. The Committee reported an amendment striking out the appropriation of \$250,000 for the deficiency in the fund for the support of sick and disabled scamen. The clause was retained, with a reduction in the amount from \$250,000 to \$150,000.

Without final action on the bill, a motion to go into executive session prevailed.

In the mean time, Mr. Fowler introduced a bill to provide for the election of certain territorial officers by the people, which was referred to the Committee on Territories.

The Senate went into executive session, and soon afterward took a recess until 7:30 o'clock.

EVENING SESSION, GOVERNMENT OF THE ARMY.

EVENING SESSION.

GOVERNMENT OF THE ARMY.

Mr. WILSON's bill, establishing rules and articles for the government of the armies of the United States, was taken up.

In section 1 it is prescribed that all officers who have not already taken it, and all hereafter appointed, shall take the containing the control of the manual takes the containing the control of the manual takes thrown as the control of the contr

Section 85 provides for the punishment, by order of a court martial, of persons amenable to the rules and articles of war, for offences that are febonies at common law, committed in foreign countries, or in places within the United States, is declared by the President to be in insurrection. Such punishment not to exceed those in linear countries, or the particle by laws of peace, save that officers may, in addition, be cashiered; the Commanding General to have power to order the excention of the sentence.

Section 10 learnestly recommends diligent attention of divine service, and punishes irreverent conduct there by court martial.

Mr. Wilson offered an amendment as an additional section, providing for the punishment by essiliering for conviction of gambling.

Mr. FERRY modified his amendment, by providing that persons convicted shall suffer such punishment sat from the service, and il was adopted.

On motion of Mr. Thayer, section SI was amended so as to provide that volunteer and militia officers shall take rank according to the dates of their commissions.

Mr. FERRY called attention to the fact that al-

missions.

Mr. Frank called attention to the fact that although flogging is prohibited, many cruel corporeal punishments were indicted during the war, such as tying to a gun earriage, tying up by the thumbs, &c. He moved to amend by providing that no corporeal punishment shall be inflicted other than hard labor or imprisonment by sentence of a court martial. Agreed to. A long time was spent in discussion upon unim-portant amendments. Adjourned.

House of Representatives.

BILLS AND JOINT RESOLUTIONS.

To authorize the authorities of Georgetown, D. C., to subscribe \$300,000 to build a branch railroad to connect Georgetown and Alexandria, Loudon and Hampshire Railroad, and to lay a tax thereon Referred.

To extend to Arkans the provisions of the Agricultural College Bill. Referred.

To aid in the construction of a railroad and telegraph line from the Rio Grande to the Pacific Ocean. Referred.

Mr. Plucz introduced a joint resolution extending the time for the commencement of the Northern

Mr. Parcz introduced a joint resolution extending the time for the commencement of the Northern Preific Railrond for two years from the 2d of July, 1868, requiring the building of one hundred miles per year thereafter, and the completion of the whole line by July 4, 1877. Passed—yeas, 95; nays, 32. Mr. Conn offered the following resolution, and moved the previous question:

Resolved, That the Committee of Ways and Means be and are hereby instructed to report without unnecessary delay, a bull levying a tax of at least ten per cent on the interest of the bonds of the United States, to be assessed and collected acqually by the Secretary of the Treasury and such of his subordinates as may be charged with the daily of paying interest on the bonded indebtedness of the United States.

Agreed to—yeas, 92; nays, 54.

Mr. Binomas voted in the affirmative with the object of moving to reconsider, but was anticipated by Mr. Cobb, who moved to reconsider the vote adopting the resolution, and moved to lay the motion to reconsider on the table. The motion to reconsider was laid on the table.

REMOVALS OF REVENUE OFFICERS.

Mr. Allison offered the following preamble and resolution, which were adopted:

Whereas, A statement purporting to be prepared by the Secretary of the Treasury from the official records of his department has been published in the National Intelligencer, and also sent to the public through the Associated Press, in which it is stated that in 119 collection districts removals were made during the year 180 upon districts removals were made during the year 180 upon districts removals were made during the year 180 upon districts removals were made during the year 180 upon districts removals were made during the year 180 upon districts removals were made with the year 180, was 100,000 upon the recommendation of the Commission of International Section (1900). The state of the state

this House in what collection and appointments of Assessors and collectors were made, it any, upon the recommendation of the Commissioner of Internal Revenue, during the isseal year 187; the names of such others removed and appointed, with copies of all correspondence or recommendations of said Commissioner relating thereto.

THE DEFICIENCY BILL.

Mr. STEVENS of Pennsylvania, from the Committee on Appropriations, reported the Deficiency bill, and moved that it be made the special order for Thursday next.

The bill was ordered to be printed and was made a special order for Thursday.

RIVER AND HARBOR BILL.

The House then, at 2 o'clock, resumed the consideration of the River and Harbor Appropriation bill, the question being on the amendment othered by Mr. liaker last Saturday, appropriating \$56,000 for the improvement of the harbor at Alton, lil. The amendment was rejected. ment was rejected.

Mr. MAYNARD moved an appropriation of \$615,000 for the improvement of the Tennessee river.
Mr. Ellot proposed to allow \$15,000 for the improvement of the Tennessee river, from its mouth to Florence, Alabama, and \$90,000 from Chattanooga to

provement of the Tennessee Fiver, from its inacceptation of Elorence, Alabama, and \$90,000 from Chattanooga to Decatur.

Mr. Storkes appealed to his colleague (Mr. Maynard) to accepted that amendment.

Mr. MAYNAID said he would accept it on the principle that nair a loaf was better than no bread.

Mr. MULLENS made some remark as to the necessity of removing the obstructions on Muscle shoals, on the Tennessee.

The amendment as modified was agreed to,

Mr. MOORHEAD moved that \$18,000 of the \$250,000 appropriated for improvement of the Ohio river be applied in experimenting in the value of shifting sluces. Agreed to,

Mr. Nillack moved an appropriation of \$50,000 for the improvement of the Wabash river and its navigable tributaries.

A great number of amendments were offered, discussed, and disposed of.

Leave of absence was asked for and granted to many of the Democratic members—more than a half of the whole number.

Without proceeding further in the bill the House adjourned.

SOUTH CAROLINA.

Message of Governor Scott.
CHARLESTON, S. C., June 29.—The Daily News
this morning publishes a full abstract of the message f General Scott, Governe elect, to be presented a the meeting of the new Legislature on Monday next General Scott urges the immediate provision for the the state debt, so that at a future extingual loan may be effected at lower rates. He catings. In the state debt, so that at a future extings. It can may be effected at lower rates. He time a result of the accrued and conditable taxation to advices right. It can be supposed to the accrued and conditions the tags. He says no obligation of the State is should be evaded. In regard to education, he resishment of a thorough system of the supposed to the state of the state of the state of the supposed to the support the present Constitution of the State. He support the present consumers for securing the immediate comments of the Blate.

vises the modification of the penitentiary, jail, and judicial systems, and says he hopes the Freedmen's Bureau will be terminated in the State by October. He regrets the recent disturbances in Camden and Barnwell, and expresses his determination to enforce the law against all disturbers of the peace of the State, without respect to persons. At the same time he expresses his belief that no organization exists in South Carolina for the purpose of obstructing the laws of the State. He states that every man shall be fully protected in person and property, and in the free exercise of his rights as a citizen, so far as they depend upon the Executive of the State. In conclusion he expresses the hope that an era of good feeling has been inaugurated, and that the martial valor of South Carolina, so justly renowned, will hereafter be displayed in support of the flag of our common country.

LOUISIANA. NEW ORLEANS, June 29 .- The Louisiana Legislature convened to-day. The Senate was called to order by Lieutenant-Governor Dunn. The tempochanan's order promulgating General Grant's order removing Governor Baker and Lieutenant-Governor

removing Governor Buker and Lieutenant-Governor Voorhies, and appointing Warmouth and Dunn provisional Governor and Lieutenant-Governor in their stead; also, Mr. Warmouth's order convening the Legislature.

The roil was called from General Buchanan's order aunouncing the names of those who were elected. Thirty-four members answered.

The Clerk also read Gen. Grant's order to Gen. Buchanan, approving the action of the latter in relation to the municipal officers, and suggesting that only the oath prescribed by the new Constitution be required.

Lieut-Gov. Dunn announced that he was not prepared to comply with Gen. Grant's suggestions, but he would require the test oath to be administered. The Democrats appealed. It was argued that the presiding officer had no authority to prescribe any oath whatever; that the Legislature was convened under the new Constitution, and no other oath than the one therein specified could be demanded. It was moved to refer the question to the commanding General, Lieut-Gov. Dunn ruled that until the members had qualified no appeal could be taken or motices of forced.

memors had quanted no appeal could be taken or motion offered, and he ordered the coll-call for the members who could do so to come forward and take the test oath.

The Democratic members entered a protest, and refused to take the oath, several asserting their ability to do so, but denying the right to demand t.

Nineteen, a bare quorum, took the test oa.h.; after which the constitutional oath was administered.

A Committee on Credentials and Elections was appointed, and several contests for seats were referred to them.

An adjournment was then had till to-morrow noon. After the adjournment a large number of negroes crowded around the presiding officer to offer their congratulations. Four of the Senators are full negroes, and several are of mixed blood.

The House was called to order by Col. Bachelder, of Gen. Buchanan's staff, who called the roll.

R. H. Isabell, a regro, was elected temporary Chairman. He took the test oath on taking his seat, and announced, in reply to a protest, that no member who could not take the test oath could take his seat. Fifty-three, a quorum, took the required oath, the majority of the Democratis retiring. A Committee on Elections was appointed.

The Legislature then adjourned until to-morrow. Mr. Millan (Rep.) entered a protest against the recognition of the authority of Gen. Buchanan to interfere in the organization of the United States army at large, if necessary, that all interference on the part of the bring must cease.

The proportion of negroes in the House is greater than in the Senate.

Another squad of supposed fillibusters, numbering about eighty, were captured near Fort Livingaton, Louisians, and brought to Fort Jackson. A majority of them were Mexicasas, and but two of them appeared to exercise say authority. A small lugger to a supposed a single Colt's revolver. The prisoners assert that they are pasceable clittens, littent upon a legitimation beleet.

The Supreme Conclave of the order of Seven Wise Mee, being the highest tribunal of that order, are assert that they are paceable chizens, then upon a legitimate object.

The Supreme Conclave of the order of Seven Wise Mon, being the highest tribunal of that order, are now holding their annual session in this city. The session is largely attended and will be prolonged.

MISSISSIPPI.

JACKSON, MISS., June 29.—The second day of the clection has closed here, with a Radical majority of 616 in this county, were there is registered a col-ored majority of 1.7%. The election will not close throughout the State for several days. Full returns have been received from but few counties. Some of the Radical strongholds heard from give a majority for the Democrats, up to this time, of 12,785.

PHILADELPHIA, June 29.—This morning Ambrose Kehoe, William M. Cooper, T.L. Coward, George Hammond, William Rice, and Joseph J. Orr, charged with removing spirits from a distillery other than a United States bonded warshouse, were sentenced to

CONDENSED TELEGRAMS.

Gen. Breckinridge arrived from Paris at To-tonto on Saturday. He proposes to remain at Toronto for some time.

The telegraph lines are completed to Fort Union, New Mexico, and will reach Santa Fé next week. The Falmouth Hotel, a new and splendid build-ing, was formally opened on Monday at Portland, Me.

The report of the Auditor of Cincinnati shows there was a balance in the Treasury of \$729,926.61 up to Saturday, the 27th inst. to Saturday, the 27th inst.

About three hundred persons left Louisville on Monday for New York to attend the National Democratic Convention, including the Kentucky, Tennessee, Mississippi, Louisiana and Alabama delegations.

Ringwalla, who was shot Saturday night in Memphis by Sergeant Brown, in attempting to rescue a friend from the police, died on Sunday night. Mr. Brown was acquitted.

Brown was acquitted.

Daniel Pike, Cashier of the Freeman's National Bank in Augusta, Me., died on Sunday. He has been for a quarter of a century Treasurer of Kennebec county.

Trains on the Union Pacific Railroad on Monday commerced manter.

day commenced running to Carbon station, Si miles west of Fort Laramie. On Saturday the terminal line was completed to South Pass City and Sweetwater Mines. water Mines.

John Crane, a resident of Charlestown, Mass., is under arrest, charged with murdering his wife. Mrs. Crane died suddenly a week ago, and examination disclosed that she had died from violence.

The schooner Tom S. Hills, arrived from Cardiff, reports that on May 5, in lat. 51.30, long. 8.20 west, she fell in with the schooner May, Capt. Whiting, from Cardiff for Boston, in a sinking condition, and took all hands off and brought them to Boston.

ing, from Cardiff for Boston, in a sinking condition, and took all hands off and brought them to Boston.

About 30,000 barrels of whiskey are in the bonded warehouses at Covington, Ky., and 45,000 barrels in that district, composed of ten counties. According to the new Tax bill, this whiskey has to be removed within six months, which will require \$1,000,000.

John Cole, of Warrenaville, Cuyahoga county, Ohlo, on Baturday nurdered his two step-sons, named Quayle, with a butcher's knife, and assauted other persons in the neighborhord. He defied arrest by the local authorities, and was finally captured by the police from Clevchand.

Gov. Bullock has issued orders for tendering official honors to the remains of Rear Admirel Bell and Lleutenant-Commanders Reed and McKenzle, which will be removed from the Navy Yard at Boston on Tuesday. A fuseral cortege will accompany the bodies through the city to the depot, and minute guns will be fired.

In the case of Dr. John Flint, of Boston,

the bodies through the city to the depot, and minute guns will be fird.

In the case of Dr. John Flint, of Boston, against the New York and Norwich Transportation Company, to recover for the loss of one of his legs, occasioned by the discharge of a musket in the bands of a United States solder, on board of one of defendants' steamboats, in June, 1861, the jury rendered a verdiet for the plaintiff for \$10,000.

The bulkhead of the drying cylinder in the cotton-batting factory of Thos. H. Dunham, at 163 Harrison avenue, Boston, exploded on Monday afternoon, badly damaging the roof and other portions of the building. Two girls, Sarah Whalley and Mary Robinson, were badly injured, the former, it is thought, Intally. The cylinder head was thrown through the side of the factory and the front of a small wooden dwelling house adjoining.

Sudden Death.—About 4 o'clock yesterday afternoon, Patrick Cammings, aged 55, residing at 140 Leonard street, died suddenly, from an unknown cause.

CLUBS TRUMPS.—Frederick Jesner and Benedat Dietler got into an altercation last evening at 186. William street, and during the quarred Jesper struck.

CLUBS TRUMPS.—Frederick Jesner and Beneral Dietier got into an altercation last evening at 186 william street, and during the quarrel Jesner struck Dietier on the head with a club, inflicting an ugi, wound. Jesner was arrested.

Frag.—About 6½ o'clock, last evening, a fire broke out at 420 East Eleventh street, owned and occupied as a grocery store by Mary Riley, caused by a match having been thrown among some fireworks in the window. Damage, \$50; no insurance. The building is but slightly damaged.

ATTEMPTED WIFE MULTORE.—Patrick McCabe, of 319 Water street, was last ex "Ging arreated by officer D'Orsay on the charge of at "suppting the life of Elizabeth, his wife, by cutting her throat with a razor; but missing his object, gave her a severe gash to the month.

CABLE TELEGRAMS.

Recall of the French Secretary of Legation.

ARRIVAL OF THE SWATARA AT HAMBURG.

FRANCE.

LONDON, June 29 .- M. le Vicomte de St. Fer riol, First Secretary of the French Legation at Washington, has been recalled by his Government. He will be accredited to England in the same capacity. GERMANY.

HAMBURO, June 29 .- The United States steamer Swatars, of the European squadron, arrived at this port yesterday. THE DANISH WEST INDIES.

COPENHAGEN, June 29.—The delay in complet ng the transfer of the Island of St. Thomas to the United States is represented to be accidental. The posed of to the United States as soon as the claims of France in connection with that island are settled. MARINE NEWS.

QUEENSTOWN, June 29.—The steamer City of New York, from New York June 13, arrived at this port year erday.
Southampton, June 29.—The steamship Smidt,
South Rachen, sailed from Bremen on the 26th inst. for

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL. LONDON, JUNE 29—5 P. M.—The money market closed drimer. Consols closed at 34% for money, and stages for account; U. S. divelvently bonds, Talges 75%; Illinois Central Railway shares, 101%; Eric Railway shares, 40%;
FRANKFORT To Free leave of 1800.
LIVERFORD, June 20—5 P. M.—Cottor—The cotton market closed steady at unchanged quotations. The following are the authorized closing price; Middling uplands, 11% 611% dr. iniddling Orleans, 11% 611%

Trotting on the Fashion Course, L. L.-Match for S500, between Dixic and Lew Petree.

A trotting match for \$500, mile heats, best three in five, in harness, between Dan Mace's bay gelding Lew Petree, and Mr. Car's gray mare Dixie, came off yesterday, on the Fashion Course, L. I. The day was fine and 'pleasant, but the attendance was very small, not over a hundred persons being present to witness the trot. Lew Petree is well known on the road and the track as a very promising trotter, while of his opponent, the gray mare Dixie, nothing reliable was known, as she had only arrived recently from the West, except that she was by Pilot, Jr., and sister to Buil Run, and this was her first appearance on the classic trotting soil of Long Island. Sufficient, however, had coxed out relative to her speed to make her the favorite among the betting men, and the odds of \$100 to 50 were currently offered that she won. In the first heat she got a clear length the best of the start, which she kept increasing until at the half-mile pole she was two lengths alread. The bay gelding now began to extend himself, and trotting finely, he rapidly gained on the mare, until, at the three-quarter pole, he was on even terms. A finely contested race half way up the homestreth canded, Lew Pettee slightly on the lend, when he suddenly broke, and his chance of the heat vanished, for before he recovered the mare was so far ahead that Mace took his horse in hand, and Dixie crossed the score three lengths in front, in £30: the first heat having been trotted in 1:13%. Two to one was now bet on Dixie at the start, and Lew led two lengths around the turn, but he broke himself before reaching the quarter pole, and the mare quitted him, and came home an easy winner by four lengths in 2:31%. The betting now became \$100 to \$30 on the Western mare. Lew broke before reaching the turn owing to, his overreaching and tearing the boot of his leg, and Mace had to pull him up almost to a standatill before reaching the quarter pole, and the same at the half-mile p Trotting on the Fashion Course, L. I.-Match

the mare tiring, and the fifth in 2.34 by a neck only, after a splendid race home. SUMMARY. SUMMARY.

FASHION COURAE, L. I., Monday, June 29.—Match, \$500, mile heats, 3 in 5, in harness.

1. Mace's b, g, Lew Fette.

Mr. Carr's gm. Disc. 223.—234.

A match has been made between Mr. Lovell's American Girl and Mr. Goldsmith's mare, to trot for \$1,800, mile heats, in harness, on Saturday next on the Union Course.

The Jerome Park Summer Meeting.

The Summer Meeting of the American Jockey Club commences to-day, and continues over Wednesday and Thursday. There are four races to-day, the sport commencing with a mile and a quarter dash, for which the entries are Lancaster, Netnosis, Raquette, Lizzie Rogers, Jubal, and Local. The Westhester handicap comes next, the following being the probable starters: Onward, Northumberland, Eagle, and Flora McIvor. A sweepstakes for two year olds, with 4 entries, is the third race; and the last is a mile heat, for which the entries are King John, General Yorke, Egotist, R. B. Connolly, Local, and Metalrie. The last named is the favorite in the pool selling for this race, while I sucaster and Nemesia are held in equal estimation for the mile and a quarter race. The Jerome Park Summer Meeting.

Cricket in Canada. The annual cricket in Canada.

The annual cricket match between the Upper Canada Codege and the Province of Ontario Cubs was was played on Friday and Saturday, at Toronto The match was won by the Province Citio, with six wickets to go down.

Base Ball.

St. Louis, June 29.—The Atlantic Base Ball Club beat the Empire Club of this city to-day. The score stood 53 to 15. The Atlantics leave for Indianapolis to-morrow morning.

ROCHESTER, N. Y., June 29.—The match game of base ball this afternoon between the Athletics of Philadelphia and the Excelsions of this city, resulted in the defeat of the Athletics. The score stood; Excelsions, 26; Athletics, 19. A full game was played, and well played on both sides.

Betting on the Presidential Election.—At the Fashion Course yesterday afternoon there was considerable discussion with a view to speculation on the forthcoming Presidential election. Offers were made to bet \$100 to \$250 that Chase receives the nomination at the Democratic Convention held in this city on the 4th inst.; and even betting that if he does receive the nomination he will be elected the next President. There were also offers to bet even money that the party receiving the nomination will be elected at the next election, and any amount of offers that Grant will be defeated.

be elected at the next cleetion, and any amount of offers that Grant will be defeated.

Fires.—At half-past 4 o'clock yesterday merning a fire broke out at 157 Eighth avenue, a two-story and attic brick building, owned by Morris Metz, of 310 East Broadway, whose loss is about \$1,000 go the building; insured in the Arctic baserance Company. The first floor is occupied by Chas. Posner as a hat store, and contained \$5,000 worth of stock, which is totally destroyed; insured for \$4,200, viz.; \$2,300 in the Park, and \$1,000 in the Commonwealth. The second and third floors are but slightly damaged. The fire originated in the back of the hat store of 157, and extended to 155 adjoining, a three-story and attic brick house, owned by John Conklin, of 210 West Eighteenth street. This building is damaged about \$2,00. The first and second floors of 155 are also occupied as a hat store by Joseph McDonald, who loses about \$1,900; insured for \$3,000 on stock and fixtures in the Manhattan Insurance Company. The remainder of the pranises is but slightly damaged. As the origin of the fire is suspictous, it is under investigation by Fire Marshal Brackett...Shortly before 3 o'clock yesteday afternoon a fire was discovered at 20 Spring street, a two-story and attic frame building, about \$300; insured. The fire originated on the owned by Mary Ann Mead, 19ths street. Damage to the building, about \$300; insured. The fire originated on the owned by Mary Ann Mead, 19ths street. Damage to the building, about \$300; insured. The fire originated on the owned by Mary and Mars. Miller, and were damaged by water only; no insurance. The other tenants were but slightly damaged. ... At 1630 o'clock yesterday siternoon a fire occurred at the snoke house of Robert Herring, 25 Avenue D, caused by hams falling down into the fire. Damage trifling.

ACCIDENTS.—Francis Smith, aged 40, a laborer, Accidents.—Francis Smith, aged 40, a laborer, who refused to give his residence, while attempting last evening to get on the front platform of the Second avenue car, attached to one of the dummy engines, at the corner of Suty-stath street, feel believe. B. Henry J. Zimmer, t. B. Hocker, B. Henry J. Zimmer, t. B. The degree A. B. of the cars, and was badly bust about the head. Taken to Bellevus Hospital. ... Mary Riley, aged 40, a laborer, the care of Society A. B. Henry J. Zimmer, t. B. The degree A. B. of the degree A. B. of the care is of the corner of Society A. B. Henry J. Zimmer, t. B. The degree A. B. of the degree A. B. of the care is of the degree A. B. of the care is of the care of th

THE THIRD NATIONAL SHARPSHOOT-

THE PROCESSION. The organizations that were to participate in the procession assembled at the Germania Rooms, and about 10 o'clock they were on their way. The march up Broadway was one that will not soon be forgotten. It was a gala day, blessed with the best weather with which we have been favored for many months. After being reviewed by the Mayor in Union square, and hearing a number of speeches from the portico of the Everett House, the proces-sion wended its way down to the boats on the East River, where the requisite number of steamers had been prepared for their conveyance to the woods that are historic as having once been possessed by

Jones. Broadway could not have been gayer, notwithstanding that the omnibuses which add so much to its gayety, were turned off to Crosby and Mercer, and other streets which would prevent them from interfering with the march. No doubt the passengers made more or less bitter complaints, but the spectators and the marchers were delighted. Fassing the Metropolitan, the procession was greeted by cheers and the waving of handkerchiels. It was noticeable here how well supplied the procession was with bands. The music from one had searcely died out, or was still making sweet suggestions to the ear, when on would come another. The following was the order in which the procession was arranged:

First Division—Commanded by Gen. Louis Burger, and accompanied by stait; platoon of police; artiflery company with six buglers in front; band and drum corps of Fifth Regiment; marshai; infantry (four regiments). Division—Col. A. Senges commanding. This Division represented the gradual development and improvement of shooting weapons, arranged, according to their chronological order. Six Tenton warriors, habited in bearsains; six Indians; William Tell and son.

Third Division, Gen. Buchlejster commanding. Band and other streets which would prevent them from

Third Division, Gen. Buchhelster commanding. Band under the direction of Wm. Robertson; color bearers carrying the American, German, and Swiss standards; fifty-six target bearers; a large platform wagon, moved by 4x horsas, led by Jockeys, bearing "Columbia," "Germania," and "Helvetia," and nine ladies of honor.

"Germania," and "Helvetia," and nine ladies of honor.
Fourth Division, Col. John F. Gerdes commanding, Rand, 2s pieces drum corps, 12 instruments; Chief Marshal, Gen. Franz Sigel; D. W. Teller, chief of staff. Then came a number of delegations, each carrying a fall bearing the name of the city from which they came. The Fifth Division was commanded by Capit. Paul Schulze, assisted by Marshals Charles Kieln and J. Leibnan, Jr.
Sixth Division, John Koch commanding; Assistant Marshals, J. Sattig, and F. Faust.
Seventh Division, Col. John H. Burke commanding, composed of a monited band, Marshal of Division and side, Battery B, N. Y. S. W. G., Capt. John Kieln, Battery K, apt. Heather, Third Regiment of Cavalry, First Regiment of Cavalry, commanded by Col. Brensker. vocalist, assists at the entertainment.

Shortly before 3 o'clock the exentsionists reached Jones's Wood, which by tais time was aiready crowded by thousands of visitors. The procession entered the Fest Hall, where subsequently a banquet took place. On an elevation of the banquet hall the invited gnests, the Committee of Organization, the honorary members and officers of the North American Schuetzenbund occupied seats. Among the number were Mayor Hoffman, Congressman Chanler, the Hon, Smith Ely, Jr., the honorary President, Frederick Kapp, Judge Russell, and others. After the removal of the doth, Gen. Siegel introduced the honorary President, Mr. Smith Ely, Jr., who offered the following basts: "The Success of the Festival." This was responded to by Mr. P. F. Steffen, President of the Schuetzenbund, who briefly alinded to the importance and beachied results of this national sharpshooting, for which such gigantic preparations had been made.

The second teast, "The Judd, member of Congress, in a brief and pleasant speech.
The third toast, "The State of New York," was responded to by Lieut.Gov. Woodford, in place of toy. Fenton, who had not arrived.

The toast, "The City of New York," was briefly responded to hy the Mayor.
The fifth toast, "The American National Sharpshooters' Union," was responded to by the former President of the Union, Mr. Otto Mutschlecimer of Chicago.

To the toast, "Our invited guesta," Gen. Schenck,

President of the Union, Mr. Otto Mutschlechner of Chiengo.

To the toast, "Our invited guests," Gen. Schenck, Member of Congress from Ohlo, responded in a brief, humorous speech, who remarked that he was in favor of an increase of tax ou whiskey, but would exempt lager beer. Also, that he was just as much of a "Dutchman" as anyhody present. Mr. Frederick Kapp responded to the toast, "Germany," reviewing the struggles for national unity, and the achievements towards that end made during the past few years.

viewing the struggles for achievements towards that end made during the past few years.

Concul John Hitz responded to a toast on "Switz-criand, the land where the sharpshooting organizations originated." The speaker gave a brief review of the history and progress of these organizations.

Mr. Sigismund Kaufmann, in the absence of Mr. Ottendorfer, spoke in response to a toast-offered to "the press," and in conclusion, Consul Baron von Loosey briefly responded to the last toast: "The third national German sharpshooting," To carry out the programme, speakers were allowed only ten minutes, and by the rules were enjoined not to discuss party politics, as the constitution of the organicus party politics, as the constitution of the organical structure.

the programme, speakers were allowed only ten minutes, and by the rules were enjoined not to discuss party politics, as the constitution of the organization forbids it.

During the banquet an orchestra, under the direction of Carl Anschuetz, discoursed favorite compositions and selections of choice music. In the mean time the crowd outside of the Feat Hall had increased in immense numbers, amusing themselves in various ways until a late hour in the evening. Immense arches had been placed on the platforms in the rear and front of the Feat Hall, where dancing was continued until a late hour in the evening. The cars were continually overcrowded by people moving to and tro, while every half an hour regular trips were made by steamers landing passengers at Jones's Wood. A series of processions were arranged on the ground by the various sharpshooters' organizations. Harry Lesine entertained a large portion of the visitors by a tight-rope performance in the afternoon. The shooting could not be proceeded with owing to the circumstance that the workmen engaged in rebuilding the shooting wall have not been a ble to complete the work, although they have been at work night and day. It is expected, however, that the work will be completed to-day, and that the shooting can commence this afternoon. The Fest Hall is an elegant and capacious building, crected especially for the festival, two stories high, and by a bridge is connected with the old Jones's Wood botel. The Fest Hall is \$10 feet long by 100 wide. The banguer foom in the second story can admit 6,000 questa, and can be converted has short time into a concert or ball room. Opposite the hotel stands the repository where the prizes were on exhibition. The shooting bark and its appointments are on the north side, covering an area of \$300.50.50 and the most story where the prizes were on exhibition. The shooting same frames can at one time find accommodation therein. A sumper of texts and small frame beigtings have been erected on the ground, one of which will be reserved

rom St. Francis Xavier's Church, in West Sixteenth street. The following Largymen omnasted. Act. Victor Beaudevin was the celebrant; Rev. Paul Mignard, deacon; and Messrs. Robert McGinnis, John Filzparick, John Filannery, and John C. White, of New York; E. L. Bristow, Mrs. E. Evershed, and A. H. Rose of Corporal Land A. H. Rose, of Oregon; L. W. McCorkie, C. S. Fairfax, R. W. Hath, E. Mittman, and H. H. Haisted, of California, were the rall-bearers. The remains were removed to Second street cemetery. COMMENCEMENT AT THE COLLEGE OF ST. FRANCIS

XAVIER.—The eighteenth annual commencement of this college took place yesterday morning and evening. A large and fashionable audience were present. The order of exercises in the morning was as follows, emitting the music: The order of exercises in the morning was as follows, omitting the music:

Speech, "National Greatness," J. T. Curran; Speech, "The Charms of Poetry," J. D. Cleary; Speech, "Mission of America," E. T. McGinley; Speech, "Mission of America," E. T. McGinley; Speech, "The Future of Our Metropolis," C. W. Sloane.

In the evening the programme was the following: Discourse, "Genius of Christian Art," P. Coadon, Discourse, "Genius of Christian Art," P. Coadon, Discourse, "Genius of Christian History," H. P. Reilly, A. B. Award of medals and prizes. Conferring of degrees. Address to the Graduates, the Rev. W. J. Lane, A. B.

Every part of the chapel was crowded, and much interest was shown by the audience, particularly during the singing by the students under the direction of Prof. Max Braun. Gold medals were afterward awarded to John P. Hoffmann, Michael J. Mahony, Peter Condon, and Daniel J. Corkery, and silver medals to Peter Condon (two medals), Henry A. Zimmer, Michael K. McCarten, and Charles W. Sloane. Prizes were also conferred on a large number of students, and degrees upon the following persons:

The degree A. M. on Patrick McNamara, A. B., John P. Hoffmann, A. B., Michael J. Mahony, A. B., John P. Hoffmann, A. B., Michael J. Mahony, A. B., John A. O'Brien, A. B., Terence S. O'Reilly, A. B., Hugh, P. Reilly, A. B., Herry J. Zimmer, A. B., A. B., Herry J. Zimmer, A. B., B., B., B., Errence B. O'Reilly, A. B., Hugh, P. Reilly, A. B., Herry J. Zimmer, A. B., A. B.,

AMUSEMENTS.

Tony Pastor's.

This theatre was opened last night by a respectable troupe of negro minstrels, who made their début before a crowded house. Mesers, Emerson, Allan, and Manning, who have already made their several successes in their profession, are the principal actors. They make admirable darkeys, sing good songs, dance well, and successfully delineate the entire negro character. Mr. Allen, "The Lively Boy," frisked about like a young kid; Mesers. Ecily and Hally danced with the case and grace of protised performers; Master Eddle, a mere child, handled his clafs in excellent style, while "Anderson the Lizzard," took off an illusionist to the immense gratification of the audience. The whole performance was worthy of Broadway minstrel halls, and excelled many of the latter by the absence of indelicate jokes. The house must continue to be well patronized while it remains under the present manage-

ized while it remains under the present manage ment, and has a programme as varied and entertain ing se that of last evening.

Burnett the Humorlat.

Mr. Burnett inaugurated at Dodworth Hall last evening what promises to be a very pleasant series of entertainments. As a master of all the facial muscles we have not seen his equal; in repose his face is not unlike that of Andrew Johnson. In ac-tion it looks like that of any one he chooses to per-sonify. In an instant he can change the entire ex-pression, so that it is difficult to believe that it is the pression, so that it is difficult to believe that it is the same man. He makes use of this singular gift to personify Irisimen, ciergymen, Yankees, Dutchmen, Frenchmen, and old women and young, and his changes of dress are made as swiftly almost as his changes of face. In fact we state the literal truth when we say that not more than ten seconds elapse between the time that he leaves the stage as a Yankee and reappears as an old woman, with skirts, wig, spectacles, and cane complete. His lecture from the text, "And there was weeping, and walling, and quashing of teeth," and his woman's this lecture. grashing of teeth," and his woman's rights lecture were both very laughable. Mrs. Greene, a very fair

A Brutal Murder.

The neighborhood of East Houston street was yesterday morning startled by the report that a brutal murder had been committed at No. 127. It appears that Patrick Sarsfield Flynn went home on Friday that Patrick Sarsfield Flynn went home on Friday night last in a state of intoxication, and commenced smashing up the furniture, part of which he threw into the fire and burned. This act having been seen by some of the neighbors, led them to believe he intended to set the fouse on fire, and the police were then called in, but could find no other cridence than that a family quarrel had taken place between Mr. and Mrs. Flynn, both of whom indulged pretty freely in the use of bad whiskey. The officers, after pacifying the contestants, left the premises; but the husband and wife kept up their quarrel during the night, in a somewhat more subdued manner. Next morning Flynn was again in a drunken state, in which condition he doubtless remained all day, for during the evening he was seen by different persons in a shameful condition of intoxication, after which he disappeared. As he was given to such habits, no notice was taken of it until yesterday morning, when the neighbors observed a horrible stench coming apparently from the room in which Flynn lived. The police were again called in, and found the door of Flynn's apariments locked, and upon receiving no answer to their sunmons, proceeded to break open the door. The cause of the stench was soon apparent. On the bed they found the decomposing remains of a woman about 35 or 40 years of age, her body covered with a number of bruises, and blood ozing from the floor; but the walls and furniture were bespatized, which betokened that the poor woman had not parted with berniture and the station house. An old woman was also arrested that the poor woman had not parted with her high without a desperate struggle. The appearance of the body showed plainly that the deceased had been bruisly kicked by some one; and as the husband was suspected, the police succeeded, after a time, in arresting him, and locking him up in the Tenth Frochet station house. An old woman was also arrested and detained as a witness, when injuries and bruises were found on the left arm from shoulder to fin night last in a state of intoxication, and commenced smashing up the furniture, part of which he threw

concerts every Monday evening, at Mr. Beecher's church, in Brookiyn, have become a favorite resort. Miss Newbould, of this city, a very young lady with Miss Newbould, of this city, a very young lady with a remarkable soprano voice, made her first appear-ance there yesterday, and created a very favorable impression. She was encored in each piece, and will sing at the church again next Monday.

ROWDIES ON THE CONEY ISLAND RAILROAD-A Thain of Cars Throws off the Track.—A crowd of roughs from this city and New York, who spend ine greater portion of Sanday on Coney Island in drinking and carousing, succeeded in causing the destruction of one of the dummy steam engines employed on the Coney Island Railroad, on the return to Brooklyn. It appears that at about 10 o'clock at night, as the dummy, with two excursion cars attached, which were loaded to their utmost capacity, had nearly reached Conover's Lane, the engine was stopped in consequence of the pump being out of order, and the water being low in the boller. The crowd of roughs on board becoming dissatisfied with the delay time occasioned, began to use the most violent and insulting language, and the respectable portion of the passengers were compelled to leave the care for foar of being forced off or pitched over the embankment. The disordarly gang then made an attack upon the engineer and conductor, both of whom succeeded in saving themselves by dight. Finding no person upon whem to wreak their vengennee, and being screened from detection by the darkness, they pitched the cars down the embankment. The disordarly cand the rowdies made their escape. The passengers, comprising women and children, made their way to the city as best they cauld. The police of the Fortycighth Precinct were not informed of the disgraceful affair until after midnight; and as all implicated in the preceedings had by that time reached a safe distance, no arrest were made.

Science.—Mrs. Mary Aur, 80 Scholes street, E. D., yesterday committed suicide by hanging.

Mad Dog.—A rabid dog bit a little girl named Lizzle Poole, of 4 kinsile street. The dog was shot by Officer Le Roy, and the child was taken home.

Drowned.—Samuel Miller a.—John Murtagh got into a fight on Senday might on board the sloop Capt. Rowland while exposite Greenpoint, and Murtagh got into a fight on Senday might on board the sloop Capt. Rowland while exposite Greenpoint, and Murtagh of roughs from this city and New York, who spent

DROWNED.—Samuel Miller and John Murtagh got that a fight on Sunday night on board the sloop Capt. Rowland while opposite Greenpoint, and Murtagh fell overboard and was drowned in consequence. The crew of the shoop were arrested as witnesses at the Coroner's inquest.

Assaulted in the Street.—Charles Simpson, aged twenty-five years, was attacked by two fellows at the corner of Butler and Hoyt streets yesterday afternoon, and so severely beaten that he was unable to rise from the sidewalk. The assailants escaped, and Simpson was conveyed to the Long Island hospital.

Died at the Brookeys Core Research

and Simpson was conveyed to the Long Island hospital.

Died at the Brooklyn City Hospital.—An inknown woman was found in Bond street, on Saturday light, in an incensible condition, and was conveyed to the City Hospital, where she died yest rday. She was attricted in a brown alpaca dress, black crape hat, and red and black plaid snawl. Two pawn tickets were found on her person, one bearing the name of Riley, dated June 12, and the other with the name of Riley, dated June 12, and the other with the name of Righ, dated June 12, and the other with the name of Right of the Platbuch and Flatbuch and Collision at the junction of Atlantic and Flatbuch avenue, with a carriage containing Mr. Gibert of 386 Cariton avenue, who was accompanied by his wife and two children. The carriage was smashed, and the eatire party thrown upon the flagging. Mrs. Gibert was slightly hurt. The others escaped without adjury.

Clither was slightly hurt. The others escaped without injury.

Fires in Brooklyn.—Sunday evening, at 8:30 o'clock, a fire broke out in D. K. Ducker & Co.'s cracker bakery, 35 fulton street. It appears that the burning cinders raked from the farnace in the cellar, the evening previous, set fire to o heap of coal, which smoothered until 1 broks out in a fanne, which smoothered until 1 broks out in a fanne. The fire was suppressed before much damage that the smoothered until 1 broks out in a fanne. The fire was suppressed before much damage that have been smoothered and street and accretained.

The cause of the other could not b. a certained.

The cause of the other could not b. a certained.

While proceeding to the fire in the street District, while proceeding to the fire in the street District, while proceeding to the fire in the street passing the City Hall, causing a brilliant light about a second, but no farther damage was done.